BREAKOUT SESSION: SHAPING THE EU BIOMETHANE MARKET

Moderated by TV & Radio presenter Sasha Twining



Olivier Aubert, SWEN Capital

Leonardo d'Acquisto, GD4S

Matthias Edel, ERGaR

Peter Kristensen, GEODE

EBA Conference – 26 October

Making the biomethane industry Fit for 55

OLIVIER AUBERT Managing Director, SWEN Capital



26–27 October 2021, Brussels

THE "FIT FOR 55" PACKAGE AND ITS IMPLICATIONS FOR BIOMETHANE

2021 European Biogas Conference



INVESTISSEMENT RESPONSABLE EN NON COTÉ

"Fit for 55" Ambition and Objectives

12 new proposals to achieve a 55% cut in GHG emissions by 2030





"Fit for 55" Implications for Biomethane (1/2)

Transport sector and hard-to-abate emissions are at the front line to achieve the -55% target

Biomethane End-usage	Fit for 55 Directive	Key Provisions	Illustrative Impact	
Maritime Transport	FuelEU Maritime	 -6% GHG intensity reduction requirement for ship operators by 2030 Well-to-wake approach to emissions favorable to biomethane 	1.2% estimated bioLNG share ¹ in	
	ETS extension	ETS extended to maritime transport from 2023, biogas counted as zero emission	2030	
Heavy Road Transport	Alternative Fuels Infrastructure Regulation	 AFI Regulation to ensure a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG infrastructure will enable to integrate a higher share of bioLNG fuel not be a sufficient number of LNG refuelling stations by 2025; LNG refuell		
	ETS extension	Extension of the ETS to road transport from 2026	trucks neet by 2030-	
Aviation	ReFuelEU	 5% Sustainable Aviation Fuels and 0.7% e-fuels target for 2030; these targets represent an opportunity for biomethane as advanced biofuels' production will remain insufficient by 2030 	~ 150 TWh of SAFs required by 2030	
	ETS extension	Full phase-out of free allowances by 2026		
All Transports RED II Revision		 New target on GHG emission intensity of fuel suppliers: -13% by 2030 Multiplier of 1.2x used for biogas energy content calculation⁴ 2.2% targeted share of advanced biofuels by 2030 and 2.6% share of renewable H₂ and synthetic fuels > constituting an opportunity for biomethane as those targets will be hardly achievable 	~ 461 TWh total demand of bioLNG for transport by 2030 ²	



 (1) EU Commission Proposal on the FuelEU Maritime initiative, July 2021
 (2) EBA Report "Bio-LNG in Transport: Making Climate Neutrality a Reality"
 (3) The multiplier has been deleted, excepted for advanced biofuels and biogas supplied to aviation and maritime transports Source: EU Commission Energy System Factsheet, July 2021

"Fit for 55" Implications for Biomethane (2/2)

Biogas benefits from new Renewable Energy targets in Heating, Buildings, Industry and Agriculture





- Sources:
- EU Commission Energy System Factsheet, July 2021
- EU Commission Proposal on the Energy Taxation Directive, July 2021
- EU Commission Proposal for amending Regulation 2018/841

Leveraging "Fit for 55"'s full potential in the Biomethane industry

Key challenges to be tackled while further developing new installations

Key issues in Biomethane investments	"Fit for 55" limits and regulatory gaps			
1 Feedstocks • Use of energy crops	Flagrant lack of consistency between the "Fit for 55" high ambition for biomethane and the very low role given to it in			
2 GHG emission • Methane leakages	 road transport by other EU regulations > BioLNG banned for passengers' cars in EU Taxonomy > Tank-to-wheel approach leads to a poor appreciation of biomethane potential 			
3 Permitting • Complex administrative procedures	Administrative difficulties in securing permits, combined to the harmfulness of vested interests at local level, could hinder biomethane production capacities			
4 Cross-border trading • Numerous barriers to cross-border trading	Permitting hurdles indeed result in very long development periods (3 to 5 years in average) and can prevent biomethane from reaching the intended "Fit for 55" objectives in time			
5Revenues· Revenues diversification through CO2 and fertilizers' sales	Deep need for a harmonized cross-border trading scheme across Europe to limit excesses of national egoisms			



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Checklist for biomethane injection into the grid

Leonardo d'Acquisto Executive Committee Member, GD4S



26–27 October 2021, Brussels



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Tracing green gas flows

MATTHIAS EDEL Secretary General, ERGaR



26–27 October 2021, Brussels

Tracing Green Gas Flows Matthias Edel



26 October 2021 Brussels European Biogas Conference

About ERGaR

International non-profit, non-governmental organisation (BE law) established in September 2016

Founded by established biomethane registries

ERGaR provides a forum for the collaboration of renewable gas registries and market participants in Europe

31 ERGaR members in 13 European Countries

- Established biomethane / renewable gas registries, appointed issuing bodies
- Traders, gas DSOs & TSOs, biogas associations and other major stakeholders of the European biomethane market



REGATRACE Project – members & objectives



Project consortium

Third Linked Parties (of EBA & ERGaR) & Subcontractors



- Create an efficient trade system based on issuing and trading biomethane/renewable gases Guarantees of Origin (GoO).
- Strongly contribute to the **uptake of the European common biomethane market**.
- Set up a European biomethane/renewable gases GoO system:
 - By setting up national GoO issuing bodies,
 - By integrating GoO from different renewable gas technologies with electric and hydrogen GoO systems
 - Through integrated assessment and sustainable feedstock mobilisation strategies and technology synergies,
 - Through support for biomethane market uptake, and by transferring the results beyond the project's countries.



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Tracing back renewable gases



	Elements	Disclosure (GO)	Target Compliance (PoS)
1	Purpose	Disclosure to final customer (art. 19 RED II)	Target compliance (art. 25-31 RED II)
2	Certificate	Guarantee of Origin (GO)	Proof of Sustainability
3	Tracing principle	Book & claim	Mass balancing
4	Verification rules	CEN standard 16325	Recognised Voluntary Schemes
5	Databases	Issuing bodies	National registries, Union Database

European Framework of Gas Certificates

Energy source of gas product									
Biogas / Biomethane		Renewable Fuels of Non- Biological Origin (RFNBO)			Recycled Carbon Fuels (RCF)				
Requirements for demonstrating compliance with									
Sustainability Sustainability criteria GHG emission saving thresholds		Renewable energy content Additionality of energy Temporal correlation Geographic correlation			Mass balancing				
Requirements and options for verification and documentation									
Certificates do Proof of Sustainability (PoS) Is Guarantee of Origin (GO) Mass U		Entities for documentation Issuing bodies ss balancing systems Union Database		Voluntary and National Schemes		European Schemes for cross-border transfers AIB CertifHy ERGaR			
Purpose of gas certification									
RED II targets (union, transport, heating)	Disclosu renewable low carbo energy carriers	re l e & (z on em b	EU-ETS tero CO2- hissions for biomass)	Fuel Direc	Quality ctive	Taxonom Regulatio sustainat finance	on La	belling	Others (e.g. national support schemes)

Major purposes and elements for demonstrating compliance with European Regulatory Framework for different renewable and recycled gas categories Source: REGATRACE D4.2 (2021)



Guarantees of Origin / Revision of Standard CEN 16325

What is inside the current draft of the revised EN 16325?

- Terms and definitions
- Generic rules for GO for all energy carriers
 - Main objectives and principles
 - Registration of Competent Bodies, Production Devices and Account Holders
 - Issuing and content of a GO
 - Ownership of a GO
 - Transferring of a GO
 - Correction of errors
 - Lifetime of a GO
 - Disclosure Statements
 - Monitoring and Auditing
- Rules specific to individual energy carriers
- Annexes
 - <u>Normative</u>: Energy Source Type, Technology codes, Coding structure, Cogeneration GO codes for uses of Heat
 - <u>Informative</u>: Methodology for quantifying the Carbon Footprint of the output for which a GO is being issued

REGATRACE reports and contribution



D2.1 Content and attributes of European Biomethane Guarantees of Origin

D2.2 Report on content of the Guarantees of Origin

D4.3 Harmonised set of rules for handling GOs in relation with conversion of electricity into biomethane/renewable gas and hydrogen and vice versa



Objective of WP3



Prepare target countries (BE, CZ, IE, IT, LT, PL, SK & ES) to join the European biomethane/renewable gas trading system by: Providing a Establishing Partners provisional IT national renewable ☆ Countries with registries system for the gas GO issuing Target countries registries bodies Supported countries Providing guidelines for establishing biomethane registries in supported countries



Biomethane Production & Issuing Bodies

- Biomethane facilities are operated in 19 European countries today
- 26 TWh biomethane were produced in • 2020
- Registries and issuing bodies for biomethane can be found in 12 countries



Issuing Bodies (RED II, Art. 19)

Biomethane Production



International Transfers

- Cross-border transfers: approx. 2,600 GWh in 2020
- The direction was from countries with a surplus (DK, UK) to countries with a high demand and limited domestic production (CH, SE)
- Different types of certificates for various purposes were transferred
- Transfers were facilitated via bilateral cooperations and ex-domain cancellations (without registries at the other end)

sters

Cross-border transfers of biomethane certificates in 2020

178 GW

510 GWh

Source: dena 2021: Branchenbarometer Biomethan 2021.



European Schemes

European schemes for cross-border certificate transfer under development and in operation (adapted from REGATRACE D2.4)



D4.1 Technical and operational comparison of gas GO and electricity GO system



D2.8 Techno-economic feasability study on a harmonised system for cross-border transfers

D2.8 work in progress



Source: REGATRACE D4.2 (2021)

ERGaR Schemes



ERGaR CoO Scheme

System Participants:

- AGCS (AT)
- Dena (DE) *
- GGCS (UK)
- Vertogas (NL)

In the process of joining the CoO Scheme:

- Energinet (DK)
- GRdF (FR)
- ightarrow 2 transfers took place between NL and UK in Q3
- → The 6 registries represent more than 2/3 of European grid-connected biomethane production capacity
- * Approved by ERGaR Board



Summary

- Different elements, which facilitate cross-border transfers, have been developed recently and are in the process of implementation on national and European level, e.g. extension of GO rules to gases, launch of European Schemes.
- The different pieces of the European framework still need to be shaped to fit to each other on national and European level.
- The implementation of the framework takes place on different speeds at Member States.





Matthias Edel, Secretary General

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Greening gas distribution grids

PETER KRISTENSEN Board Member, GEODE



26–27 October 2021, Brussels

GEODE THE NETWORK FOR NETWORKS

EBA Annual Conference 2021 Greening gas distribution grids



GEODE: Smart distribution systems since 1991





Geode - The Voice of Local Energy Distributors across Europe

Potential for biomethane



- Biogas production volumes estimated to reach over 1000 TWh by 2050*
- Delivering on the potential will support the decarbonization of sectors such as heavy industry, heating & transport
- Needed: an enabling EU framework encouraging the injection of biomethane and its interaction with other renewable gases in particular H2 as well as integration with the electricity system
- Distribution System Operators (DSOs), as the facilitators of the uptake of biomethane, will play a key role in maintaining the liquidity and interoperability of Europe's gas market, while ensuring decarbonization comes at minimal cost

*EBA figures presented at the 35th European Gas Regulatory Forum

GEODE fact sheet on biogas & biomethane





Introduction

Decarbonised and renewable gases already play a vital role in Europe's energy system. However, as we transition to carbon neutrality, that role will grow in scale and importance and help tackle some of the toughest decarbonisation challenges we face.

Today, approximately 190 TWh1 of biogases provide power, heat and are a direct replacement for natural gas across the system. As gaseous energy is storable, it supports the deployment of intermittent renewable facilitators of the uptake of biomethane, will play a key generation, and as biogas is produced from organic role in maintaining the liquidity and interoperability of material it plays a wider role in sustainable waste Europe's gas market, while ensuring decarbonisation management, water treatment and land management. It is also a "baseload" energy source which is produced climate targets, an enabling framework encouraging the all year round and has huge potential for further growth. Estimates suggest that the volume of biogases generated across Europe could more than double by 2030 and reach over 1000 TWh per year by

Delivering this will support the decarbonisation of sectors such as heavy industry, heating and transport but will require an EU policy framework that further promotes the production and market uptake of renewable and decarbonised gases.

In common with many renewable electricity generation technologies, biogas is a naturally distributed energy source. Distribution System Operators (DSOs), as the comes at minimal cost. To achieve Europe's increased injection of biomethane and its interaction with other renewable gases - in particular hydrogen - as well as integration with the electricity system is needed. This fact sheet sets out GEODE's recommendations to fulfil the potential for biomethane and biogases



- Launched in June 2021 (pre-Fit for 55 package)
- Outlines a set of policy & regulatory recommendations to help expediate biomethane development

Geode - The Voice of Local Energy Distributors across Europe

GEODE recommendations (I/II)

An EU framework for renewable gases which includes a European target for renewable gases to support the Fit for 55 vision

Energy policy should actively support biomethane & biogas production

- Recognize the role it can play in decarbonizing a range of sectors
- National level: Consider the relative strategic benefits of biomethane to determine the right levels of support

Regulation for distribution networks should recognize that biomethane growth leads to more decentralized gas production \rightarrow investment required to ensure capacity is provided for new developers

Closely related, innovation, good planning & legal framework conditions should support synthetic methane. Synthetic methane a reliable zero carbon option for sectors which may not have others, e.g. chemical industries which use methane as feedstock rather than fuel







GEODE recommendations (II/II)



Sustainable H2 should be further developed in parallel with biogas & biomethane sectors, incl. blending H2 with biomethane in the gas grids

→ will help create a market for H2, solving the "chicken & egg problem" when implementing new tech
 & products

Policymakers & NRAs should work with the DSOs to plan for biomethane, H2 blending & H2 conversion:

• Set up a strategic plan for each region, depending on local potential for supply & demand

Dedicated policy support for CCUS for biomethane & biogas production which will ultimately realize additional climate benefits

Take a whole life cycle approach to biogas in transport, i.e. using the 'well to wheel' rather than the 'tailpipe' method

• \rightarrow will ensure that the benefits of biogas are reaped as a vehicle fuel



Introduction

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How biomethane, H2 & synthetic methane can work together





- Both biomethane & H2 are needed now to green the gas sector, but so is synthetic methane
- Synthetic methane injections into existing gas infrastructure will create a demand for H2 while also producing a focus on developing biomethane & synthetic methane as a facilitator for developing a European H2 system & market
- Blending H2 into the methane grid will also bring about such change
- Existing gas networks can transport green energy cost-efficiently while connecting important parts of the value chain → smooth & quick transition towards renewable alternatives
- Supporting gas DSOs to develop & operate a H2 sector based on existing infrastructure will also leverage existing skills and expertise as well as the physical assets of the grid

Biogas & biomethane lessons from DK



Denmark worldleading in biomethane production

- Highest share of biomethane in the gas grid
- Evida has moved from customized to standardized biomethane injection
- Biomethane enables a green transition with existing infrastructure & plants



Denmark towards 70% biomethane in 2030



- More than 40 PJ of biomethane in 2030
- Electrification reduces the gas consumption, but increases the need for peak load
- Biomethane is the safety net





Decentralized gas production



- From one injection point in the North Sea to several biomethane producers
- Grid balance
- Gas quality
- Metering
- Storage
- Similarities with decentral hydrogen grids
- DSOs ready to live up to their responsibility



The future role of DSOs



- From few large gas suppliers to thousands of smaller ones
- From only methane to several gases
- Small grids might not be connected at first
- Ensure the grids can connect later
- Need for regulation & standardized solutions




The voice of local energy distributors across Europe

Thank you!

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BREAKOUT SESSION: SHAPING THE EU BIOMETHANE MARKET

Question & Answer Session



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BREAKOUT SESSION: FUELLING THE EU INDUSTRY WITH BIOGAS

Moderated by EBA Director Harmen Dekker



Hans Korteweg, Cogen Europe

Małgosia Rybak, CEPI

Marie Esteve, BIOTHANE

Ismaël Charbagi, Air Liquide Biogas division

EBA Conference – 26 October

Efficient power & heat production from biogas

HANS KORTEWEG Secretary General, Cogen Europe



26–27 October 2021, Brussels

COGEN EUROPE

Efficient Power & Heat Production from Biogas



European Biogas Conference 26 October 2021

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Our Mission

Cross-sectoral voice of the cogeneration industry

Work with EU Institutions and stakeholders to shape better policies by:



Building a robust evidence-base demonstrating the benefits of cogeneration.



Using the expertise of our membership. Establishing strong coalitions and partnerships.



Members

National Associations



Corporate Members



Our Vision

The cogeneration sector is committed to creating a resilient, decentralised, carbon neutral European energy system by 2050, with cogeneration as its backbone:



empowering European citizens and industry to generate their own efficient, reliable and affordable clean heat and power locally



bringing together heat, electricity and gas networks, allowing the efficient integration of substantial amounts of renewable energy and providing energy when and where needed



enabling an integrated energy system and a cost-effective transition towards a sustainable future



Cogeneration

Single Input Two Outputs



Cogeneration transforms 90% of the energy into useful heat and electricity for factories, offices, public buildings and homes.



Cogeneration: Benefits of Efficiency



- Transforms <u>more than</u>
 <u>80%</u> of the energy into useful heat and electricity for factories, offices, public buildings and homes.
- Saves up to 40% energy compared to the separate supply of electricity and heat from conventional power stations and boilers.

46



ALL ENERGY SOURCES

Cogeneration Fuel Mix



CHP fuel mix influenced by fuel price dynamics, support schemes and availability of renewable fuels at local level.

- Stable share of natural gas use in CHP.
- Rapid increase of RES, reaching close to 26% in 2019 (from 13% in 2009).
- Steady decline in solid fossil fuels and oil use in CHP.

Source: Eurostat (2021)

EUROPE



47



CHP: Beneficial to Consumers in All Sectors

CHP enables the most energy-efficient & cost-effective pathways to decarbonisation in a **consumer-empowering** way.



220 TWH OF PRIMARY ENERGY SAVINGS

OR 2.5 x annual electricity consumption of Belgium*

5.5 MT cars

OF REMAINING CO₂ EMISSIONS AVOIDED OR Annual CO₂ emissions of 3 million petrol

8.2 BN € SAVED YEARLY OR 9.5 x of LIFE Climate Action funding



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* IEA 2019



Role of Biogas CHP in 2050

Industrial Heat Demand



Fully accessible to CHPs in the increased CHP scenario.

Source: Artelys (2020)

OGEN

(if economically relevant from a system perspective)

Building Heat Demand

Final clean gas consumption in buildings -Total and heating part (TWh)



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Ochain Energie Biogas Plant Project (BE)

Supplying a local community with green heat and electricity.



"It all started very simply, we wanted to find another source of income for the family farm. However, we did not want to embark on the path of industrial automation in livestock farming. Agriculture must be approached with respect, with an open mind and one must also be prepared for new trends in this field. Biogas in combination with cogeneration is beautiful proof of that."

Mr. Grégory Racelle (owner of the family farm)

Benefits of cogeneration



About 6,000 tonnes of CO2 saved per year



3,000 households supplied with green electricity Local nursing home supplied with green heat



1200 kWe Electrical output 89 % Overall efficiency



Our Call to Action

An **ambitious and predictable regulatory framework** must be set in place to fully reap the benefits of cogeneration for citizens, businesses and the energy system between now and 2050.

Prioristise cogeneration for all thermally generated heat and power, to avoid wasting valuable energy.





CHP's Contribution to Fit for 55



Sources Latest EU statistics and EU funded CODE2 project on the Cogeneration potential in 2030



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Building a resilient, decentralised and carbon neutral global energy system.



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Circular trends in the paper industry

MAŁGOSIA RYBAK Climate Change & Energy Director, CEPI



26–27 October 2021, Brussels

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Resourcing the industry with biogas

MARIE ESTEVE Sales Manager Biogas Upgrading, BIOTHANE



26–27 October 2021, Brussels

EBA Conference 2021 Resourcing the industry with biogas

Marie ESTEVE - 26/10/2021

VEOLIA GROUP LEADER IN OPTIMIZED RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

With nearly **179,000 employees** worldwide, Veolia Group designs and provides water, waste and energy management solutions which contribute to the sustainable development of communities and industries.

Through its three complementary business activities, Veolia helps to develop access to resources, preserve available resources, and replenish them.



62 million people with wastewater service



Produced nearly
43 million
megawatt hours of energy



VEOLIA GROUP OUR MISSION - RESOURCING THE WORLD



IMPROVING ACCESS TO RESOURCES

Veolia offers operational solutions that consume fewer environmental resources that are more economically efficient to expand both the potential and accessibility of our resources.



PRESERVING RESOURCES

Veolia develops solutions to conserve resources and optimize their use, while protecting their quality and efficiency throughout the usage cycle.



REPLENISHING RESOURCES

Veolia provides solutions for creating new secondary resources that will gradually offset the increasing scarcity of natural primary resources, to generate new opportunities for social and economic development that protect the environment.

DSM BRIGHT SCIENCE. BRIGHTER LIVING™

A science-based company active in Nutrition, Health & Sustainable Living

- Innovation
- Sustainability
- Circular economy
- Renewable energy

CircularGaz Project :

- Joint-Venture of DSM and AVRIL (F&B french group)
- Located in Dieppe, FRANCE
- Creation of an innovative protein CanolaPRO® production plant from rapeseed oil production residues





FROM CONCEPT TO FULL-SCALE FOR WWTP FOCUS ON INNOVATION





PILOT TESTS



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FULL-SCALE
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Regulatory compliance to ensure the license to operate High loaded wastewater with stringent discharge limits into the sea Reduction of the environmental impact (odors, noise, footprint...)

Resource recovery



THE VALUE OF ANAEROBIC TECHNOLOGY VS AEROBIC TECHNOLOGY **RESOURCING THE INDUSTRY** Biogas CH₄ 28 Nm³ **CO**₂ 9 Nm³ 304 kWh Heat loss Aeration 100 kWh 80% Biogas **Carbon Dioxide** Anaerobic Aerobic Effluent 100 kg COD 100 kg COD Effluent **Biomass** 2-10 kg COD 5% Biomass 15 kg COD 1 kg COD removed \cong 0.35 Nm³ CH₄ \cong 3.8 kWh Sludge Sludge **30-60** ANAEROBIC = A TRUE GREEN SOLUTION 5 kg COD LESS ENERGY CONSUMPTION LESS SLUDGE PRODUCTION LESS FOOTPRINT VALUABLE GREEN GAS PRODUCTION •





10 YEARS OF OPERATION BY VEOLIA



4 000 T COD TREATED PER YEAR



1 000 000 Nm³ of Biomethane Produced Per Year



11 GWh OF GREEN GAS INJECTED TO THE GAS GRID PER YEAR



ABOUT 2 000 T CO₂ AVOIDED PER YEAR*

*only biomethane production



CONCLUSION

Together with DSM & Avril , we contribute to the sustainable development of the industry and help reach climate neutrality because we :

- Produce a new vegetable protein,
- Create local employment,
- Create circular economy from agriculture to local energy production,
- Treat the water and protect the resource,
- Produce green gas from wastewater,
- Reduce the Carbon Footprint.



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Decarbonizing the EU industry through biogas

ISMAËL CHARBAGI Business Developer, Air Liquide Biogas division



26–27 October 2021, Brussels

Air Liquide: Biogas to decarbonize the EU Industry

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70

AIR LIQUIDE, A WORLD LEADER IN GASES, TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES FOR INDUSTRY AND HEALTH

Air Liquide

Air Liquide, a committed gas provider to the industry





CUSTOMERS Support hard-to-abate industrial sectors with low carbon offers

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EBA conference, Oct 2021

Air Liquide

Techno leadership & presence across the value chain



~1 TWh/y Biomethane production capacity in Europe















Upgrading 0

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Air Liquide
Rising CO2 prices for Industries

<u>ETS</u>

- covers **45% of the EU GHG emissions** from 11,000 sites
- **Price 2021**: EuA ~ 60€/T CO2



National CO2 tax



Carbon Tax Rates per Metric Ton of CO $_2e$, as of April 1, 2021



Note: The carbon tax rates were converted using the EUR-USD currency conversion rate as of April 1, 2021. Source: World Bank, "Carbon Pricing Dashboard."

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Air Liquide industrial references







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Uponor case study in Sweden (1)





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TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES FOR INDUSTRY AND HEALTH

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